NAME:		ID NUMBER
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BUDAPEST TD WORKSHOP 2021 ONLINE ENTRY TEST

You have 2hrs 30 mins to complete the attached online test (BDPOTxxx)

After completing this test rename or "save as" replacing the xxx with your 3 digit ID.

e.g. BDPOTxxx will become BDPOT234

and send this file (with answers) to bdpwks21@gmail.com before 22:30 (CEST) today.

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. You may use the law book and the Commentary (http://www.worldbridge.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/2017LawsCommentary.pdf) but you may NOT consult nor speak to anyone else concerning the questions or answers to this test. Before returning the test you must sign the declaration below the last question test by typing your name and NBO membership number.
- 2. The answers to all questions must include the Law number(s). Use the full Law number, for example 64C1 not just 64. Include all laws if more than one law applies to the situation.
- 3. Assume all situations occur at fairly high level competition, unless otherwise noted.
- 4. Situations are in pairs competition, match point scoring, unless noted otherwise.
- 5. Screens are not in use unless specifically stated. (There are no questions requiring specific knowledge of screen regulations or procedures.)
- 6. The questions and answers are in Word .docx format so you are not limited for space but your answers, written below the question, must be concise and to the point, and **not more than 2-3 lines.**
- 7. Do not just quote the Law. Do not write "offender must pass" write "North must pass".
- 8. Include UI and AI and lead restrictions in your answer if necessary.
- 9. For multiple choice questions write only the letter of the best answer (a, b, c) without explanation unless asked for. Law/s must be stated.
- 10. For "YES"/"NO" questions answer YES or NO but **without explanation** unless asked to do so. Law/s must be stated.
- 11. All questions carry about the same weight.
- 12. You can use accepted bridge abbreviations such as **OOT** (out of turn, **B**=bid, **L**=lead, **OL**=opening lead), **UI**, **AI** (unauthorized and authorized information), **BIT** (break in tempo), **LHO**, **RHO** (left and right hand opponent, **Pd** (partner), **SC** (system card), **LA** (logical alternative, **M** (major suit), **m** (minor suit), **F1**, **GF** (forcing for 1 round, game force), **PC** for major Penalty Card, **pc** for minor penalty card; **X** = double, and of course **TD**.

VOLID NIANAE
YOUR NAME:ID NUMBER :
QUESTION 1
Teams: In the closed room board #5 is marked as East dealer, EW Vulnerable. EW bid and make 4Sx (=790) but in attempting to enter the score on the bridgemate it is seen that the board is wrongly marked. The TD determines that the board has not yet been played in the open room.
TD RULING:
LAW/S:
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
QUESTION 2
Pairs. Mitchell.
During the play of board 15 in round 5 of a 13 round session a player sitting north says that he played the same board in the previous session with his cards being in the East hand. Dummy calls the TD. The TD allows the hand to be completed and on checking confirms that the same hand was played (arrow switched) in the previous session. He checks board 16 and confirms that this too was played previously.
A. Was does the TD do regarding boards 15 and 16?
ANSWER:
LAW/S:
B. Does the TD warn or penalize dummy for calling the TD during the play of the hand? YES/NO?
ANSWER:
LAW/S:

QUESTION 3
North opens 2NT, east passes and South bids 2C. TD!
South wants to replace his bid with bid of 3C
TD determines that 2C over 1NT is Stayman asking for 4 card majors; 3C asks for 4 or 5 card majors. Both bids can be weak.
HOW DOES THE TD RULE (INCLUDE BIDDING, PLAY AND LEAD RESTRICTIONS:
LAW/S:

N	Ε	S	W
1♦	1♥	1♠	Р
3♣	Р	3♠	Р

4♠ all pass

There are no alerts.

West leads a small heart and declarer asks for a review of the bidding. West replies by giving the bidding of NS 1 - 1 - 3 - 3 - 4 without mentioning the heart overcall.

South goes 1 down and realizes that if she had remembered that East overcalled hearts she would have played differently and made her contract. All agree that this was indeed quite likely, and south calls the TD and complains about the incorrect review of the bidding by the opponents.

What is the TD's decision?

ANSWER:

LAW/S:



QUESTION 5

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N E S W
1 ◆ P 1 ↑ P
3 ↑ P
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At this stage South alerts North's 3. bid as agreeing spades and asking about club controls. East calls the TD about the late alert. He says he wants to change his pass.

East's hand is 7 T542 54 AKT753

TD RULES:

- (a) TD allows East to change his call
- (b) TD does not allow East to change his call
- (c) TD does not allow East to change his call, but will consider awarding an adjusted score after the hand is played.

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 6

N E S W 1 ◆ 1 ◆ TD!

TD gives his ruling and South passes. North must pass whenever it is her turn to call.

The bidding continues

N	E	S	W
1♦	1♠`	Р	1NT
Р	2♠	Р	Р
3♦	3♠	Р	TD!

East now realizes that North has bid and asks the TD to replace the 3♦ bid with the legal pass and return the contract to 2♠

TD RULING: LAW/S: **QUESTION 7** ٨K N/--**¥**42 10985 ♣ Q108754 **♦** 9753 **♠** J2 ♥ AQJ10753 **♥** K96 **♦** 764 **4** 32 ♣ AJ6 ♣ K9 **▲** AQ10864 **y** 8 AKQJ **4** 32

South plays $4 \triangleq$ and it went heart, another heart ruffed small, spade to the K and diamond to the ace. Then South played the \triangle A on which east played \triangle J. South now claimed the contract (10 tricks $4 \triangleq$ =) without saying anything more, the \triangle 9 and \triangle 7 from West still in play. West called the TD telling her that South didn't mention anything about the outstanding trumps and that he wants another trick or two.

TD decision is? (a) 4 = (10 tricks) (b) 4 = -1(9 tricks) (c) 4 = -2 (8 tricks)

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 8

South is declarer in 3NT. Dummy has ♣AQJ106 and South with ♣74 plays ♣4 towards the 10 (opponents play ♣3 and ♣8).

She enters his own hand again and plays \$7, LHO \$5. She now says 'small' and the defenders want her to play \$6 now.

Does the TD allow her to play ♣J or ♣Q? YES/NO?

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 9

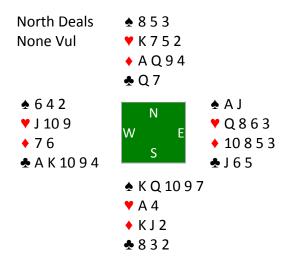
East makes the opening lead of ♠J out of turn. South tells West to lead anything, and West leads the ♠A. Dummy is spread and the first trick completed. Now South wants West to lead a spade. West objects "you have already said lead anything – you can't have 2 choices especially after seeing dummy." Must West lead a spade?

YES/NO?

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 10



South is declarer in 4♠ in a multi session competition.

West takes the first 2 club tricks and continues a third club, trumped ♠8 by dummy and over-trumped with ♠J by East.

South says "giving the ♠A – one down", and the score of -50 is entered. The revoke is not noticed.

On arriving home after the competition while looking at the hand records South realizes that East revoked. The club's rules are that a request for a TD ruling may be made until the start of the next session, so South phones the TD who says he will deal with it. The next morning the TD contacts East who confirms he trumped the 3rd club by mistake.

The TD rules that South makes

- (a) 9 tricks
- (b) 10 tricks
- (c) 11 tricks

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 11

W	N	E	S	
	1♠	2 •	2♥	Р
	3♣	Р	3♦	Р
	3 NIT	D	D	D

North leads ♦ 6, dummy ♦ 4, South ♦ Q and now West asks for a review of the bidding.

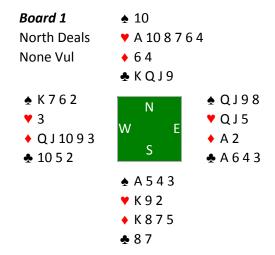
Can the bidding be reviewed at this stage?

YES/NO

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 12



North is declarer in 3♥

East leads ♠QT, ♠A. ♥A and ♥K. North now play ♦4 from hand and East says "You're in dummy – you must play a diamond." South plays ♦K and loses 2 diamonds, ♥Q and ♣A; making 9 tricks.

Now Dummy calls the TD and questions whether a diamond had to be played from the table at trick

3. TD says no, and now North says if he could play any card from dummy he would make 10 tricks. EW agree that this is so.

DIRECTORS RULING?

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 13

West opens 2♠ out of turn (5♠ and 4 minors) North doesn't accept, and opens 5♣ and all pass.

WHAT ARE THE LEAD RESTRICTIONS ON EAST?

LAW/S:

QUESTION 14

North dealer passes, East passes and South passes but then notices he has 14 cards. West says he has 12 cards. The TD determines that the extra card is \$\displaystyle{J}\$

WHAT SHOULD THE TD DO?

- (a) As west has not yet bid he returns the \$J\$ to West and says continue playing normally.
- (b) He cancels the board and awards an artificial adjusted score of 50% 50%.
- (c) He cancels the board and assigns an artificial adjusted score of 60% 60%.
- (d) He cancels the board and awards an assigned adjusted score.

(e) He allows the bidding and play to continue and considers awarding an adjusted score when play has ended.

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 15

W	N	E	S
Р	1♥	1♠	2♥
2♠	3♥	2♠	TD!

East tells the TD that he was confused and didn't realise that his 2♠ bid was insufficient.

THE CORRECT RULING IS:

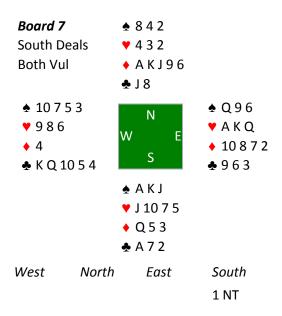
- (a) East substitutes 3♠ which shows the same suit as 2♠ and auction and play continue normally (but with the possibility of the TD awarding an adjusted score.). There may be lead restrictions on West.
- (b) East substitutes 3♠ which shows the same suit as 2♠ and auction and play continues normally (but with the possibility of the TD awarding an adjusted score.). There are no lead restrictions on West
- (c) East substitutes 3♠ (a comparable call) and auction and play continue normally (but with the possibility of the TD awarding an adjusted score.) There are no lead restrictions on West.

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 16

TEAMS COMPETITION



Pass 3 NT All pass

West leads ♣K, then ♣Q. South plays ♣7 to the second trick but places his played card pointing to NS.

Case 1: Dummy draws attention to the wrongly pointed card. TD is called and he tells to correct the orientation of the played card and continue playing, but to call him after play ends. West continues &T won by south's &A. South now takes 5 diamond tricks and finesses the spade Q and makes 9 tricks.

Case 2: Play starts as in case 1 but no one remarks on the wrongly pointed card until after the diamonds are played, when dummy points out the wrongly placed trick. TD is called and he tells to correct the orientation of the played card and continue playing, but to call him after play ends. Declarer finesses the spade Q and makes 9 tricks.

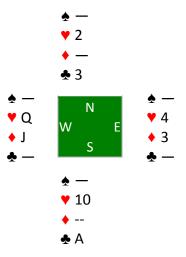
TD'S RULING

Case 1:

Case 2:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 17



South is playing 5♣ and has made 9 tricks. In the position above he leads ♣A and East discards ♥4 before West has played. TD!

TD Ruling:

- (a) ♥4 is UI for West but he can play any card. At the end of play TD can decide whether or not to give an adjusted or weighted score.
- (b) The TD ruling implies that that declarer can require West to discard a heart.
- (c) South had previously trumped a diamond so West is allowed to discard ♥Q regardless of what East discards.

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

W	N	E	S
P	1♥	Р	Χ
2♦	2♠	3♦	4♠
5 •	X	Р	Р
P			

North leads face down and now realises that South had doubled his 1♥bid. TD is called.

TD RULING:

- (a) NS 40%, EW 60%
- (b) NS 40%, EW 40%
- (c) West accepted the double, so play the hand.
- (d) South's double is cancelled, as is all the bidding after it. South can call what he wants and the bidding continues normally.
- (e) South's double is cancelled, as is all the bidding after it. South can call what he wants and the bidding continues but North must pass one round.

ANSWER:

LAW/S:

QUESTION 19

W N E S
P 1 ▼ X P
1 ♠ P 2 ▼

TD is called and gives and explains the options and the bidding continues

W N E S
P 1♥ X P
1♠ P 2♠ 3♥

WHAT DOES THE TD TELL ABOUT THE CONTINUATION OF THE AUCTION? EXPLAIN YOUR ANSWER.

LAW/S:



QUESTION 20

South is declarer in 4♠ and East has a penalty card J♣

West wins a trick and South says "play a spade". West calls the TD and explains that she does not have any spades in her hand.

WHAT IS THE TD'S RULING?

LAW/S:

************************** BONUS QUESTION (if you answer this question correctly you will get 5 extra points.) The Home Team sits in the N/S position in the Open Room and in the E/W position in the Closed Room. Team A is the home team Team A against Team B. Board 4 In the open room), NS play 3NTx and make 8 tricks In the closed room, NS play 3NT-1 and make 8 tricks, but there was misinformation and the TD gives a weighted score: 60% of 1NT+1 40% of 3NT-1 What is the IMP result at the table? **ANSWER:** LAW/S: Weighted scores are dealt with in Law 12C1(c): No further law numbers needed. **DECLARATION** I hereby confirm that all the answers are my own, and that I have not consulted nor spoken to anyone else concerning the questions or answers to this test.

NBO and NBO membership number: ______

NAME: _____

BUDAPEST TD WORKSHOP 2021 ONLINE ENTRY TEST ANSWERS

QUESTION 1

TD RULING: Let the open room also play the wrongly marked board. Results stand = no adjustment. Check the marking on board 6 and change if necessary.

LAW: 2 (last sentence)

QUESTION 2

ANSWER (i): Cancel all results of Boards 15 and 16 at all tables where it was played and award artificial adjusted scores (60-60). Redeal boards 15 and 16. (Assume scoring program takes care of varying number of results or apply Neuberg.)

Law/s: 6D2 (not 87 – these are not fouled boards)

ANSWER (ii) NO

Law/s: 9B1(b) or 43A1(a)

QUESTION 3

TD RULING, INCLUDING BIDDING, PLAY AND LEAD RESTRICTIONS:

TD gives West the option of accepting 2. If West does not accept 3. is comparable and can be substituted with no rectification (no UI, no lead penalties, no restrictions). TD can award an adjusted score if EW damaged.

LAW/S: 27A1, 23A3, 27D (or 23C)

QUESTION 4

ANSWER: There must be an adjusted score.

If we consider not correcting the review (Law 20E) as an infraction then both sides are offending and we give a split score (NS 9 tricks, EW -10 tricks).

If we don't consider it an infraction then we adjust to 4♠ for both sides.

<Both answers were accepted>

LAW/S: 20D, 20E, 12C1



RULING: (a) TD allows East to change his call

LAW: 21B1(a)

QUESTION 6

TD RULING:

The bids of 3♦, 3♠ stand and the auction continues, but north must pass whenever it his turn. There are no lead restrictions on South.

Law: 37A

QUESTION 7

ANSWER: (a) 4**♠**= (10 tricks)

Law: 70C2

QUESTION 8

ANSWER: Yes

Law: 46B heading

QUESTION 9

ANSWER: Yes

Law/s: 50D2 footnote 14, or 50D2(b)

QUESTION 10

ANSWER: (b) 10 tricks

Law: 64C1

ANSWER: No

LAW: 20C2 (see footnote 6)

QUESTION 12

ANSWER: 9 tricks (+140) for NS,

10 tricks (-170) for EW

LAW: 11A

QUESTION 13

North may prohibit East from leading any one suit for as long as East has the lead.

LAW: 26B

QUESTION 14

ANSWER (e) He allows the bidding and play to continue and considers awarding an adjusted score when play has ended.

LAW: 13B1

QUESTION 15

ANSWER: (b)

LAW/S: 27B1(a), 27D

QUESTION 16

TD'S RULING

Case 1: Table score stands.

Case 2: Adjusted score 3NT-1 (note team play).

LAW/S: 65B3, 16B3, (42A2) <if only 42A2 then not correct>

ANSWER: (b)

LAW: 57A or 57A 1,2,or 3

QUESTION 18

ANSWER: (d)

LAW: 36A. (NOT 36C, 17D)

QUESTION 19

Bidding continues normally with no restrictions except for possible application of Law 23C

3♥is a comparable call.

LAW/S: 31A2(a), (23)

QUESTION 20

WHAT IS THE TD'S RULING?

West can make any lead, ♣J may be picked up (it is no longer a PC). ♣J is UI for West and AI for South

LAW/S: 59, 50D2(a)

BONUS QUESTION (if you answer this question correctly you will get 5 extra points.)

ANSWER: Team B gets 6 IMPS