Excercises 1-3

Exercise No1

South is declarer in 3NT and has to lead from dummy. He has won 8 tricks and plays ♥7. East ♥5. He now plays ♣9 and West wins with the 10. At this moment south tells he revoked and West calls the TD.

matchpoints
same cards left. South now has made 6 tricks so far. TD. South does not know the position of the ♥10, nor in a) nor in b).

Exercise No2

South is declarer in 4♣ and has made 9 tricks

Dummy to lead is asked to play the ♥A which is ruffed by declarer.

• Dummy screams 'idiot' after which declarer replaces the ♣3 for the ♥6. TD.
• Dummy asks: 'why do you ruff my ace?' Declarer discovers his revoke. TD.
• Declarer now has §6 in stead of ♥6 and once again dummy asks: 'why do you ruff my ace?' TD.
South is declarer in 2ª. The lead is §J and south starts thinking for a while. At the moment he wants to announce to play the §A east, who is an older man and short seeing (act as such!!), plays the Aª and south immediately changes his mind and calls for a small club. Now east asks what has been played and being told the lead was in clubs he admits that he revoked (thought the lead was in spades) and plays the §K. TD!

- South somewhat ashamed about his change of mind just tells what happened with East's play.
- South tells what happened with east's play but also wants to change his played card in dummy now east appears to follow suit, his play being based on the prematurely play of the Aª.
- South tells what happened including his change of mind as soon as he saw the Aª being played.

Exercise No1 - Answer

- a. teams. South certainly will not risk his contract, so will not finesse: 3NT + 2.
- b. matchpoints. Now finessing is a logical alternative: 3NT - 3. L16C2

In both cases the TD tells south that he has to play a legal card and west that he may play a different card. Furthermore he tells south that the knowledge of §10 being at west is UI if coming from seeing that card. (Don't tell south that he has to play §9!)

Exercise No2 - Answer

Not so easy. Dummy may ask declarer about a possible revoke and though he doesn't do so, the effect is the same in a) and in b): declarer becomes aware of his revoke. Therefore he should be allowed to change the card he played. L61B.
In c) declarer did not revoke so ♣3 is a played card.

In case a) North certainly should get a reprimand.

**Exercise No3 - Answer**

Though it doesn't say so L47D deals with cards played in rotation. Declarer is not allowed to withdraw the §4. If the TD is convinced that east caused this irregularity by purpose a well deserved penalty (adjusted score) at least compensating the gain should be east's share (L72B1).

**Remark:**
There is a feeling that declarer should be allowed to change his played card from dummy being played after his RHO had played a card which is replaced because of a revoke. The laws don't seem to allow this. Of course if the feeling is that RHO by purpose revoked out of turn a severe penalty may be given.